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(54) PLANT DISEASE CONTROLLING COMPOSITION AND USE THEREOF

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(57)ABSTRACT

A plant disease controlling composition containing a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

$$R^2$$
 F
 CH_3
 N

wherein R¹ represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, a cyano group, or a methyl group, and R² represents a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom; and

at least one carboxamide compound selected from the group consisting of bixafen, isopyrazam, boscalid, fluopyram, fluxapyroxad, sedaxane, penflufen, flutolanil, mepronil, carboxin, thifluzamide, penthiopyrad, and furametpyr.

3 Claims, No Drawings

PLANT DISEASE CONTROLLING COMPOSITION AND USE THEREOF

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a Section 371 of International Application No. PCT/JP2011/068198, filed Aug. 9, 2011, which was published in the Japanese language on Feb. 16, 2012, under International Publication No. WO 2012/020776 A1, and the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a plant disease controlling composition and use thereof.

BACKGROUND ART

Conventionally, many compounds for controlling plant diseases have been developed and put into practical use (see, for example, Patent Literature 1, Patent Literature 2).

CITATION LIST

Patent Literature

Patent Literature 1: International Publication No. WO2005/ 121104

Patent Literature 2: International Publication No. WO2006/ 30 001175

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

Technical Problem

An object of the present invention is to provide a composition having an excellent efficacy in controlling plant diseases.

Solution to Problem

The present invention primarily provides a plant disease controlling composition containing a pyridazine compound represented by the following formula (I) and at least one ⁴⁵ carboxamide compound selected from the following group (A). The composition has an excellent efficacy in controlling plant diseases.

More specifically, the present invention is as follows.

[1] A plant disease controlling composition, containing a 50

pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

$$R^2$$
 F
 R^1
 N
 N
 N
 N
 N
 N
 N

wherein

R¹ represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, a cyano group or a methyl group, and

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 R^2 represents a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom, and at least one carboxamide compound selected from Group (A). Group (A):

Group consisting of bixafen, isopyrazam, boscalid, fluopyram, fluxapyroxad, sedaxane, penflufen, flutolanil, mepronil, carboxin, thifluzamide, penthiopyrad and furametpyr.

[2] The plant disease controlling composition according to [1], wherein a weight ratio of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound satisfies the pyridazine compound/the carboxamide compound=0.1/1 to 10/1.

[3] A method for controlling plant diseases, including a step of applying effective amounts of a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c} R^2 \\ F \\ R^1 \\ N \end{array} \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

wherein

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 ${\bf R}^1$ represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, a cyano group or a methyl group, and

R² represents a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom, and at least one carboxamide compound selected from Group (A) to a plant or soil for growing a plant.
Group (A):

Group consisting of bixafen, isopyrazam, boscalid, fluopy-35 ram, fluxapyroxad, sedaxane, penflufen, flutolanil, mepronil, carboxin, thifluzamide, penthiopyrad and furametpyr.

[4] The method for controlling plant diseases according to [3], wherein a weight ratio of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound satisfies the pyridazine compound/the carboxamide compound=0.1/1 to 10/1.

[5] The method for controlling plant diseases according to [3] or [4], wherein the plant or soil for growing a plant is wheat or soil for growing wheat.

Advantageous Effects of Invention

Plant diseases can be controlled by the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

The plant disease controlling composition of the present invention (hereinafter, referred to as the composition of the present invention) contains a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c} R^2 \\ F \\ R^1 \\ N \end{array} \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

R¹ represents a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, a cyano group or a methyl group, and

R² represents a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound), and

at least one carboxamide compound (hereinafter, referred to as the carboxamide compound) selected from Group (A). Group (A):

A group consisting of bixafen, isopyrazam, boscalid, fluopyram, fluxapyroxad, sedaxane, penflufen, flutolanil, mepronil, carboxin, thifluzamide, penthiopyrad and furametpyr.

Examples of the pyridazine compound to be used in the composition of the present invention include the following pyridazine compounds:

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom or a methyl group;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^1 is a chlorine atom;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) 20 wherein Rz is a methyl group;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a cyano group;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^2 is a hydrogen atom;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R² is a fluorine atom;

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom or a methyl group and R² is a hydrogen atom; and

A pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom or a methyl group and R² is a fluorine atom.

Specific examples of the pyridazine compound include the following compounds:

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom and R² is a hydrogen atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (1));

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^1 is a bromine atom and R^2 is a hydrogen atom (hereinafter, 40 referred to as the pyridazine compound (2));

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a cyano group and R² is a hydrogen atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (3));

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein 45 R^1 is a methyl group and R^2 is a hydrogen atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (4)):

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom and R² is a fluorine atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (5));

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^1 is a bromine atom and R^2 is a fluorine atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (6));

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^1 is a cyano group and R^2 is a fluorine atom (hereinafter, 55 in the presence of an iron catalyst. referred to as the pyridazine compound (7)); and

a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R^1 is a methyl group and R^2 is a fluorine atom (hereinafter, referred to as the pyridazine compound (8)).

Of the pyridazine compounds, the pyridazine compound 60 represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a chlorine atom or a bromine atom can be produced by a method described, for example, in International Publication No. WO2005/121104.

Of the pyridazine compounds, the pyridazine compound represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a methyl group can 65 be produced by a method described, for example, in International Publication No. WO2006/001175.

Of the pyridazine compounds, a compound (I-2) represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a cyano group can be produced by reacting, for example, a compound (I-1) represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is bromine atom among the pyridazine compounds with copper cyanide.

$$R^2$$
 F
 R^2
 F
 R^2

wherein R^2 is the same as defined above.

The reaction is usually carried out in the presence of a

As the solvent to be used in the reaction, for example, an aprotic polar solvent such as N,N-dimethylacetamide is mentioned.

The amount of copper cyanide to be used in the reaction is usually 1 to 1.5 moles relative to 1 mole of compound (I-1) by

The reaction temperature of the reaction usually falls within the range of 120 to 180° C. and the reaction time usually falls within the range of 1 to 24 hours.

After completion of the reaction, for example, the reaction mixture is mixed with water and an organic solvent and filtrated. After the filtrate is separated, the obtained organic layer is further washed with water, dried and concentrated. Through these operations, the compound (I-2) can be isolated. The isolated compound (I-2) may be further purified by chromatography, recrystallization, and others.

Of the pyridazine compounds, a pyridazine compound (I-4) represented by formula (I) wherein R¹ is a methyl group can be produced by reacting a pyridazine compound (I-3) represented by formula (I) wherein R1 is a chlorine atom among the pyridazine compounds with a Grignard reagent represented by formula (II):

$$CH_3$$
— MgX (II)

wherein X represents a bromine atom or a chlorine atom

$$^{\circ}$$
 $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$

wherein R² is the same as defined above.

The reaction is carried out usually in the presence of a $_{15}$ solvent.

As the solvent to be used in the reaction, for example, tetrahydrofuran, diethylether and N-methylpyrrolidone and a mixture of these are mentioned. In the case where the reaction solvent is a mixture of tetrahydrofuran and N-methylpyrrolidone, the mixing ratio (volume ratio) of tetrahydrofuran to N-methylpyrrolidone usually falls within the range of 30:1 to 3:1.

As the iron catalyst to be used in the reaction, for example, iron (III) acetylacetonate and iron (III) chloride are men- 25 tioned. The amount of iron catalyst to be used is usually 0.01 to 0.3 moles relative to 1 mole of the compound (I-3) by ratio.

The reaction temperature of the reaction usually falls within the range of -20° C. to 30° C. and the reaction time usually falls within the range of 0.1 to 6 hours.

After completion of the reaction, for example, the reaction mixture is mixed with hydrochloric acid and extracted with an organic solvent. The obtained organic layer is washed with water, dried and concentrated. Through these operations, the compound (I-4) can be isolated. The isolated compound (I-4) 35 can be further purified by chromatography, recrystallization, and others.

The carboxamide compounds each are known and described, for example, in "THE PESTICIDE MANUAL—14th EDITION (published by BCPC) ISBN 1901396142", 40 International Publication No. WO2003/070705, International Publication No. WO2004/035589, International Publication No. WO2004/016088, International Publication No. WO2006/087343, International Publication No. WO2006/015866 and International Publication No. WO2003/010149. 45 These compounds are formed of commercially available preparations or synthesized by known methods.

In the composition of the present invention, the weight ratio of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound usually satisfies the pyridazine compound/the carboxamide compound=0.01/1 to 500/1 and preferably 0.1/1 to 10/1

The composition of the present invention may be a mixture of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, as it is; however, the composition of the present invention is 55 usually formulated into a preparation by mixing the pyridazine compound, the carboxamide compound and an inactive carrier, optionally adding a surfactant and other preparation adjuvants and preparing an oil solution, an emulsion, a flowable agent, a wettable powder, a granular wettable 60 powder, a powder, a granule, and others. Such a preparation can be used as an agent for controlling plant diseases, directly or as a mixture with other inactive components.

In the composition of the present invention, the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound are usually contained in a total amount of 0.1 to 99 wt %, preferably 0.2 to 90 wt % and more preferably 1 to 80 wt %.

Examples of a solid carrier that is used in formulating into a preparation include fine powders or grains formed of minerals such as kaolin clay, Attapulgite clay, bentonite, montmorillonite, acid clay, pyrophyllite, talc, diatom earth and calcite; naturally occurring organic substances such as a corncob powder and a walnut shell flour; synthetic organic substances such as urea; salts such as calcium carbonate and ammonium sulfate; and synthetic inorganic substances such as synthesized water-containing silicon oxide. Examples of a liquid carrier include aromatic hydrocarbons such as xylene, alkylbenzene and methylnaphthalene; alcohols such as 2-propanol, ethylene glycol, propylene glycol and ethylene glycol monoethyl ether; ketones such as acetone, cyclohexanone and isophorone; vegetable oils such as soybean oil and cotton seed oil; petroleum aliphatic hydrocarbons, esters, dimethylsulfoxide, acetonitrile and water.

Examples of a surfactant include anionic surfactants such as an alkyl sulfate, an alkylaryl sulfonate, a dialkylsulfosuccinate, a polyoxyethylene alkylaryl etherphosphate, a lignin sulfonate and a naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde polycondensate; nonionic surfactants such as polyoxyethylene alkylaryl ether, a polyoxyethylene alkylaryl ether, a polyoxyethylene alkylpolyoxypropylene block copolymer and a sorbitan fatty acid ester; and cationic surfactants such as an alkyltrimethyl ammonium salt.

Examples of other preparation adjuvants include water-soluble polymers such as polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl pyrrolidone; polysaccharides such as gum Arabic, alginic acid and a salt thereof, CMC (carboxymethylcellulose) and xanthan gum; inorganic substances such as aluminum magnesium silicate and alumina sol; antiseptic agents, colorants and stabilizers such as PAP (acidic isopropyl phosphate) and BHT

The composition of the present invention can be also prepared by formulating the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound separately into preparations by the aforementioned method, and thereafter, mixing the preparations or, if necessary, diluting them and mixing the dilutions.

The composition of the present invention can be used for protecting plants from plant diseases.

Examples of the plant diseases from which plants are effectively controlled by the composition of the present invention include the following.

Diseases of rice: blast (Magnaporthe grisea), Helminthosporium leaf spot (Cochliobolus miyabeanus), sheath blight (Rhizoctonia solani), and bakanae disease (Gibberella fujikuroi).

Diseases of wheat: powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis), Fusarium head blight (Fusarium graminearum, F. avenacerum, F. culmorum, Microdochium nivale), rust (Puccinia striiformis, P. graminis, P. recondita), pink snow mold (Micronectriella nivale), Typhula snow blight (Typhula sp.), loose smut (Ustilago tritici), bunt (Tilletia caries), eyespot (Pseudocercosporella herpotrichoides), leaf blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola), glume blotch (Stagonospora nodorum), and tan spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis).

Diseases of barley: powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis), Fusarium head blight (Fusarium graminearum, F. avenacerum, F. culmorum, Microdochium nivale), rust (Puccinia striiformis, P. graminis, P. hordei), loose smut (Ustilago nuda), scald (Rhynchosporium secalis), net blotch (Pyrenophora teres), spot blotch (Cochliobolus sativus), leaf stripe (Pyrenophora graminea), and Rhizoctonia damping-off (Rhizoctonia solani).

Diseases of corn: smut (*Ustilago maydis*), brown spot (*Co-chliobolus heterostrophus*), copper spot (*Gloeocercospora*

sorghi), southern rust (*Puccinia polysora*), gray leaf spot (*Cercospora zeae-maydis*), and *Rhizoctonia* damping-off (*Rhizoctonia solani*).

Diseases of citrus: melanose (*Diaporthe citri*), scab (*Elsinoe fawcetti*), penicillium rot (*Penicillium digitatum*, *P. italicum*), and brown rot (*Phytophthora parasitica*, *Phytophthora citrophthora*).

Diseases of apple: blossom blight (Monilinia mali), canker (Valsa ceratosperma), powdery mildew (Podosphaera leucotricha), Alternaria leaf spot (Alternaria alternata apple pathotype), scab (Venturia inaequalis), bitter rot (Colletotrichum acutatum), and crown rot (Phytophtora cactorum).

Diseases of pear: scab (*Venturia nashicola*, *V. pirina*), black spot (*Alternaria alternata* Japanese pear pathotype), rust (*Gymnosporangium haraeanum*), and *phytophthora* fruit rot (*Phytophthora cactorum*);

Diseases of peach: brown rot (*Monilinia fructicola*), scab (*Cladosporium carpophilum*), and *phomopsis* rot (*Phomopsis* sp.).

Diseases of grape: anthracnose (*Elsinoe ampelina*), ripe rot (*Glomerella cingulata*), powdery mildew (*Uncinula necator*), rust (*Phakopsora ampelopsidis*), black rot (*Guignardia bidwellii*), and downy mildew (*Plasmopara viticola*).

Diseases of Japanese persimmon: anthracnose (*Gloeospo-* 25 ria brassicicola). rium kaki), and leaf spot (*Cercospora kaki, Mycosphaerella nawae*). Diseases of the carpa), and brown

Diseases of gourd: anthracnose (Colletotrichum lagenarium), powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca fuliginea), gummy stem blight (Mycosphaerella melonis), Fusarium wilt 30 (Fusarium oxysporum), downy mildew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis), Phytophthora rot (Phytophthora sp.), and damping-off (Pythium sp.);

Diseases of tomato: early blight (*Alternaria solani*), leaf mold (*Cladosporium fulvum*), and late blight (*Phytophthora* 35 infestans).

Diseases of eggplant: brown spot (*Phomopsis vexans*), and powdery mildew (*Ervsiphe cichoracearum*).

Diseases of cruciferous vegetables: *Alternaria* leaf spot (*Alternaria japonica*), white spot (*Cercosporella brassicae*), 40 clubroot (*Plasmodiophora brassicae*), and downy mildew (*Peronospora parasitica*).

Diseases of welsh onion: rust (*Puccinia allii*), and downy mildew (*Peronospora destructor*).

Diseases of soybean: purple seed stain (*Cercospora* 45 kikuchii), sphaceloma scad (*Elsinoe glycines*), pod and stem blight (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. sojae), septoria brown spot (*Septoria glycines*), frogeye leaf spot (*Cercospora sojina*), rust (*Phakopsora pachyrhizi*), brown stem rot (*Phytophthora sojae*), *Rhizoctonia* damping-off (*Rhizoctonia* 50 solani) Corynespora target spot (*Corynespora casiicola*), and *Sclerotinia* rot (*Sclerotinia sclerotiorum*).

Diseases of kidney bean: anthracnose (Colletotrichum lindemthianum).

Diseases of peanut: leaf spot (*Cercospora personata*), 55 brown leaf spot (*Cercospora arachidicola*) and southern blight (*Sclerotium rolfsii*).

Diseases of garden pea: powdery mildew (*Erysiphe pisi*). Diseases of potato: early blight (*Alternaria solani*), late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*), pink rot (*Phytophthora* 60 erythroseptica), and powdery scab (*Spongospora subterranean* f. sp. subterranea).

Diseases of strawberry: powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca humuli), and anthracnose (Glomerella cingulata).

Diseases of tea: net blister blight (*Exobasidium reticula- 65 tum*), white scab (*Elsinoe leucospila*), gray blight (*Pestalotiopsis* sp.), and anthracnose (*Colletotrichum theae-sinensis*).

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Diseases of tobacco: brown spot (Alternaria longipes), powdery mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum), anthracnose (Colletotrichum tabacum), downy mildew (Peronospora tabacina), and black shank (Phytophthora nicotianae).

Diseases of rapeseed: *sclerotinia* rot (*Sclerotinia sclerotio-rum*), and *Rhizoctonia* damping-off (*Rhizoctonia solani*).

Diseases of cotton: *Rhizoctonia* damping-off (*Rhizoctonia solani*).

Diseases of sugar beet: Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora beticola), leaf blight (Thanatephorus cucumeris), Root rot (Thanatephorus cucumeris), and Aphanomyces root rot (Aphanomyces cochlioides).

Diseases of rose: black spot (*Diplocarpon rosae*), powdery mildew (*Sphaerotheca pannosa*), and downy mildew (*Peronospora sparsa*).

Diseases of chrysanthemum and asteraceous plants: downy mildew (*Bremia lactucae*), leaf blight (*Septoria chrysanthemi-indici*), and white rust (*Puccinia horiana*).

Diseases of various groups: diseases caused by *Pythium* 20 spp. (*Pythium aphanidermatum*, *Pythium debarianum*, *Pythium graminicola*, *Pythium irregulare*, *Pythium ultimum*), gray mold (*Botrytis cinerea*), and *Sclerotinia* rot (*Sclerotinia sclerotiorum*).

Disease of Japanese radish: *Alternaria* leaf spot (*Alternaria brassicicola*).

Diseases of turfgrass: dollar spot (Sclerotinia homeocarpa), and brown patch and large patch (Rhizoctonia solani).

Disease of banana: sigatoka (Mycosphaerella fijiensis, Mycosphaerella musicola).

Disease of sunflower: downy mildew (*Plasmopara halstedii*).

Diseases of seeds or diseases in the initial stages of crop plants caused by bacteria of e.g., the genus *Aspergillus*, the genus *Penicillium*, the genus *Fusarium*, the genus *Gibberella*, the genus *Tricoderma*, the genus *Thielaviopsis*, the genus *Rhizopus*, the genus *Mucor*, the genus *Corticium*, the genus *Phoma*, the genus *Rhizoctonia* and the genus *Diplodia*.

Viral diseases of crop plants mediated by viruses of e.g., the genus Polymixa or the genus *Olpidium*.

Examples of plants to which the composition of the present invention can be applied include the following plants:

crops; corn, rice, wheat, barley, rye, oat, sorghum, cotton, soybean, peanut, buckwheat, beet, rapeseed, sunflower, sugar cane, tobacco, etc.;

vegetables; solanaceous vegetables (eggplant, tomato, pimento, pepper, potato, etc.), cucurbitaceous vegetables (cucumber, pumpkin, zucchini, water melon, melon, squash, etc.), cruciferous vegetables (Japanese radish, white turnip, horseradish, kohlrabi, Chinese cabbage, cabbage, leaf mustard, broccoli, cauliflower, etc.), asteraceous vegetables (burdock, crown daisy, artichoke, lettuce, etc.), liliaceous vegetables (green onion, onion, garlic, and asparagus), ammiaceous vegetables (carrot, parsley, celery, parsnip, etc.), chenopothaceous vegetables (spinach, Swiss chard, etc.), lamiaceous vegetables (Perilla frutescens, mint, basil, etc.), strawberry, sweet potato, Dioscorea japonica, colocasia, etc.,

flowers.

foliage plants,

turf grasses,

fruits; pomaceous fruits (apple, pear, Japanese pear, Chinese quince, quince, etc.), stone fleshy fruits (peach, plum, nectarine, *Prumus* mume, cherry fruit, apricot, prune, etc.), citrus fruits (*Citrus unshiu*, orange, lemon, rime, grapefruit, etc.), nuts (chestnuts, walnuts, hazelnuts, almond, pistachio, cashew nuts, *macadamia* nuts, etc.), berries (blueberry, cranberry, blackberry, raspberry, etc.), grape, kaki fruit, olive, Japanese plum, banana, coffee, date palm, coconuts, etc.,

trees other than fruit trees; tea, mulberry, flowering plant, roadside trees (ash, birch, dogwood, Eucalyptus, *Ginkgo biloba*, lilac, maple, *Quercus*, poplar, Judas tree, Liquidambar formosana, plane tree, zelkova, Japanese arborvitae, fir wood, hemlock, juniper, *Pinus*, *Picea*, and *Taxus cuspidate*), 5 etc.

The plants mentioned above may include plants which were made resistant by gene recombination techniques.

Of the above diseases, the diseases occurring in wheat, for which a particularly high control efficacy is expected.

Of the plant diseases occurring in these crop plants, examples of diseases of wheat for which a particularly high efficacy is expected include powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis), Fusarium head blight (Fusarium graminearum, F. avenacerum, F. culmorum, Microdochium nivale), rust (Puccinia striiformis, P. graminis, P. recondita), pink snow mold (Micronectriella nivale), Typhula snow blight (Typhula sp.), loose smut (Ustilago tritici), bunt (Tilletia caries), eyespot (Pseudocercosporella herpotrichoides), leaf blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola), glume blotch (Stagonospora 20 nodorum), and yellow spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis).

Examples of the composition of the present invention include the following compositions:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and bixafen:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and boscalid:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and 30 fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and sedaxane:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and penflufen:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and 40 mepronil:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and carboxin;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and thifluzamide;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and 50 bixafen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and boscalid:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and 60 sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and flutolanil:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and mepronil;

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a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and carboxin;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and thifluzamide:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and bixafen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and boscalid:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and fluopyram:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and 25 flutolanil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and carboxin:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and thifluzamide;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and 35 furametryr:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and bixafen:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and isopyrazam;

 a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and boscalid;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and flutolanil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and 55 carboxin;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and thifluzamide;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and bixafen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and boscalid;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and fluopyram:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and fluxapvroxad:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and 5 sedaxane:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and flutolanil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and thifluzamide:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and 20 furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and bixafen:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and boscalid:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and 30 fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and flutolanil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and 40 carboxin:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and thifluzamide;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and bixafen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and 50 isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and fluxapyroxad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and 60 penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and flutolanil:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and carboxin;

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a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and thifluzamide:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and furametpyr:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and bixafen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and isopyrazam;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and boscalid;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and fluopyram;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and fluxapyroxad:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and sedaxane;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and penflufen;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and flutolanil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and mepronil;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and carboxin:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and thifluzamide;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and penthiopyrad;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and furametpyr;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and 45 fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (1) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (1)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and 20 fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and 35 carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (2)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (2) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine com- 45 pound (2)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and 50 isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and 65 penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

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a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1:

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (3) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (3)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (4) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (4)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and 20 carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (5) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (5)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and 35 isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and 50 penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and 65 penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

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a composition containing the pyridazine compound (6) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (6)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and bixafen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/bixafen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and isopyrazam in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/isopyrazam=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (7) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (7)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and boscalid in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/boscalid=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and fluopyram in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/fluopyram=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and fluxapyroxad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/fluxapyroxad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and sedaxane in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/sedaxane=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and penflufen in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/penflufen=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and flutolanil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/flutolanil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and mepronil in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/mepronil=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and carboxin in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/carboxin=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and thifluzamide in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/thifluzamide=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and penthiopyrad in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/penthiopyrad=0.1/1 to 10/1;

a composition containing the pyridazine compound (8) and furametpyr in a weight ratio satisfying the pyridazine compound (8)/furametpyr=0.1/1 to 10/1;

The method for controlling plant diseases of the present invention (hereinafter, referred to as the control method of the invention) is carried out by applying effective amounts of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound to a plant or soil for growing a plant. Examples of such a plant include stem and leaves of a plant, seeds of a plant and bulbs of a plant. Note that the bulb herein means a bulb, corn, rhizome, stem tuber, root tuber and rhizophore.

In the control method of the invention, the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound may be applied simultaneously or separately to a plant or soil for growing a plant; however, they are usually applied in the form of the composition of the present invention, for convenience sake.

In the control method of the invention, as a method for applying the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide 25 compound, for example, application to stem and leaves, application to soil, application to root and application to seeds are mentioned.

As the application to stem and leaves, for example, a method of applying the composition of the present invention 30 to a surface of the plant that is grown, by spraying it to stem and leaves and spraying it to trunk, is mentioned.

As the application to root, for example, a method of soaking a whole plant or root in a drug solution containing the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, and a 35 method of attaching a solid preparation containing the pyridazine compound, the carboxamide compound and a solid carrier, to root of a plant are mentioned.

As the application to soil, for example, spraying, mixing and irrigating of a drug solution to soil are mentioned.

As the application to seeds, for example, application of the composition of the present invention to seeds or bulb of the plant to be protected from plant diseases is mentioned. Specific examples thereof include a mist spray application in which a suspension of the composition of the present invention is converted into mist and sprayed to a seed surface or a bulb surface, a smearing application in which a wettable powder, emulsion or flowable agent of the composition of the present invention is smeared to seeds or bulb by adding a small amount of water to it or directly, soaking application in 50 which seeds are soaked in a solution of the composition of the present invention for a predetermined time, a film-coating application and pellet-coating application.

In the control method of the invention, the application amounts of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide 55 compound vary depending on e.g., the type of plant to be treated, type and occurrence frequency of plant disease to be controlled, type of a preparation, application time, application method, application site and weather conditions. For example, if the above compounds are applied to plant stem 60 and leaves or soil for growing a plant, the application amounts, i.e., the total amount of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, are usually 1 to 500 g, preferably 2 to 200 g and more preferably 10 to 100 g per 1000 m². Furthermore, if applied to seeds, the application amounts of 65 the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, i.e., the total amount of the pyridazine compound and the

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carboxamide compound, is usually 0.001 to 10 g and preferably 0.01 to 1 g per kg of seeds.

The above emulsion, wettable powder, flowable agent and others are usually diluted with water and then sprayed for treatment. In this case, the concentrations of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, i.e., the total concentration of the pyridazine compound and the carboxamide compound, is usually 0.0005 to 2 wt % and preferably 0.005 to 1 wt %. The above powder, granules, and the like are usually directly applied without being diluted.

EXAMPLES

The present invention will be further specifically described by way of Preparation Examples and Experimental Examples below; however, the present invention is not limited to the following Examples. Note that, in the following Examples, parts represent parts by weight unless otherwise specified.

First, Reference Production Examples of the pyridazine compound to be used in the composition of the present invention will be further specifically described.

Reference Production Example 1

$$CH_3$$
 F
 CH_3
 F
 CH_3
 CH_3

To a mixture of 2-bromopropiophenone (2.13 g), 2,6-difluorophenylacetic acid (1.81 g) and acetonitrile (25 mL), triethylamine (1.52 g) was added dropwise in a water bath, stirred at room temperature for 4 hours and then allowed to stand still overnight. To the mixture, 4.57 g of 1,8-diazabicy-

clo[5.4.0]-7-undecene (hereinafter, referred to as DBU) was added dropwise under ice cooling. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for one hour. Thereafter, to the obtained mixture, air was blown in while stirring at room temperature for 5 hours. To the reaction mixture, ice and 1 mol/L hydrochloric acid were added. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was sequentially washed with a saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and a saturated saline solution, dried over an anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-phenyl-2 (5H)-furanone (2.83 g).

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl3, TMS) δ (ppm): 1.78 (3H, s), 4.07 (1H, br s), 6.77-6.85 (1H, br m), 6.96-7.08 (1H, m), 7.29-7.38 (4H, 15 m), 7.53-7.55 (2H, m)

To a mixture of 3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-phenyl-2 (5H)-furanone (2.83 g) and 1-butanol (15 mL), hydrazine monohydrate (0.60 g) was added dropwise and then stirred in a warm bath of 110° C. for 2.5 hours. Subsequently, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0° C. The resultant solid substance was collected by filtration. The collected solid substance was washed with a solvent mixture of hexane and t-butyl methyl ether (1:1) and dried under reduced pressure to obtain

4-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-6-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-pyridazin-3-one (1.70 g).

 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO-d6, TMS) δ (ppm): 2.02 (3H, s), 6.92-6.98 (2H, m), 7.11-7.12 (2H, m), 7.27-7.36 (4H, m), 13.2 (1H, br s)

4-(2,6-Difluorophenyl)-6-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-pyridazin-3-one (1.54 g) and phosphorus oxychloride (10 mL) were mixed and stirred in a warm bath of 110° C. for 1.5 35 hours. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and then concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue, ethyl acetate and ice water were added. After the mixture was separated and the organic layer was sequentially washed with a saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and a saturated saline solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue (1.55 g) was washed with a solution mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate (10:1), and subsequently with tert-butyl methyl ether to obtain the pyridazine compound (1) (0.85 g).

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl₃, TMS) δ (ppm): 2.55 (3H, s), 6.79-6.83 (2H, m), 7.07-7.09 (2H, m), 7.23-7.30 (4H, m)

Reference Production Example 2

$$CH_3$$

-continued

F

CH₃

CH₃

F

NC

NN

(3)

4-(2,6-Difluorophenyl)-6-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-pyridazin-3-one (2.09 g) and phosphorus oxybromide (8.0 g) are mixed and stirred in a warm bath of 85° C. for 1.5 hours and subsequently in a warm bath of 95° C. for one hour. The reaction mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, suspended in ethyl acetate (about 20 mL) and poured in ice (about 100 g). After the obtained solution is neutralized with sodium bicarbonate water, the residue is extracted with ethyl acetate and separated. The organic layer is washed with a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (2).

The pyridazine compound (2) (0.72 g), copper cyanide (0.22 g) and N,N-dimethylacetamide (6 mL) are mixed and stirred under heat reflux for 3 hours. The reaction mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, added to ethyl acetate and water (about 50 mL for each) and filtrated with cerite. The filtrate is separated and the organic layer is washed with a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (3).

Reference Production Example 3

$$\begin{array}{c} 60 \\ \\ \hline \\ 65 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\$$

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-continued
$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ \\ F \\ \\ H_3C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \\ (4) \end{array}$$

The pyridazine compound (1) (1.90 g), iron (III) acetylacetonate (0.42 g), tetrahydrofuran (60 mL) and N-methylpyrrolidone (6 mL) are mixed. To this, methylmagnesium bromide (3.0 mol/L diethylether solution) (6 mL) is added while stirring under ice cooling. To the reaction mixture, a 1 mol/L aqueous hydrochloric acid solution (30 mL) is added dropwise and water is added. Thereafter, the reaction mixture is extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is sequentially washed with sodium bicarbonate water and a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (4).

Reference Production Example 4

6-Methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-2H-py-ridazin-3-one (2.21 g) and phosphorus oxybromide (8.0 g) are mixed and stirred in a warm bath of 85° C. for 1.5 hours and subsequently in a warm bath of 95° C. for one hour. The 65 reaction mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, suspended in ethyl acetate (about 20 mL) and poured in ice

(about 100 g). After the obtained solution is neutralized with sodium bicarbonate water, the residue is extracted with ethyl acetate and separated. The organic layer is washed with a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (6).

The pyridazine compound (6) (0.76 g), copper cyanide (0.22 g) and N,N-dimethylacetamide (6 mL) are mixed and stirred under heat reflux for 3 hours. The reaction mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, added to ethyl acetate and water (about $50\,\mathrm{mL}$ for each) and filtrated with cerite. The filtrate is separated and the organic layer is washed with a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (7).

Reference Production Example 5

$$F \xrightarrow{F} CH_{3} \xrightarrow{CH_{3}} F \xrightarrow{F} CH_{3}$$

The pyridazine compound (5) (2.01 g), iron (III) acetylacetonate (0.42 g), tetrahydrofuran (60 mL) and N-methylpyrrolidone (6 mL) are mixed. To this, methylmagnesium bromide (3.0 mol/L diethylether solution) (6 mL) is added while stirring under ice cooling. To the reaction mixture, a 1 mol/L aqueous hydrochloric acid solution (30 mL) is added dropwise and water is added. The reaction mixture is then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is sequentially washed with sodium bicarbonate water and a saline solution, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue is subjected to silica gel column chromatography to obtain the pyridazine compound (8).

Next, Preparation Examples will be described.

Preparation Example 1

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), bixafen (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 2

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), isopyrazam (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 3

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), boscalid (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 4

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), fluopyram (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 5

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), fluxapyroxad (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 6

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), sedaxane (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 7

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), penflufen (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 8

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), flutolanil (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 9

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), mepronil (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and 60 xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 10

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), carboxin (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether

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(14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 11

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), thifluzamide (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 12

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), penthiopyrad (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 13

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2.5 parts), furametpyr (1.25 parts), polyoxyethylene styryl phenyl ether (14 parts), calcium dodecylbenzene sulfonate (6 parts) and xylene (76.25 parts) are mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 14

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), bixafen (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 15

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), isopyrazam (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 16

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), boscalid (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 17

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), fluopyram (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 18

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), fluxapyroxad (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and poly-

Preparation Example 26

oxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), furametpyr (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

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Preparation Example 19

Preparation Example 27

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), sedaxane (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), bixafen (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 20

Preparation Example 28

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), penflufen (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained

> Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), isopyrazam (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 21

Preparation Example 29

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), flutolanil (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

> Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), boscalid (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 22

Preparation Example 30

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), 35 mepronil (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

> Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), rations are obtained.

Preparation Example 23

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), carboxin (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fineground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

> fluopyram (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, prepa-

Preparation Example 24 Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts),

Preparation Example 31

thifluzamide (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and polyoxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight 55 ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

> Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), fluxapyroxad (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum

Preparation Example 25

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (2 parts), penthiopyrad (8 parts), a mixture of white carbon and poly-

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oxyethylene alkyl ether sulfate ammonium salt (in a weight ratio of 1:1) (35 parts) and water (55 parts) are mixed and 65 fine-ground by a wet grinding method. In this manner, prepa-

rations are obtained.

magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 32

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), sedaxane (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 33

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), penflufen (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 34

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), flutolanil (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 35

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), mepronil (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 36

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), carboxin (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 37

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), thifluzamide (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an

aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 38

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), penthiopyrad (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 39

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (5 parts), furametpyr (10 parts), sorbitan trioleate (1.5 parts) and an aqueous solution (28.5 parts) containing polyvinyl alcohol (2 parts) are mixed and fine-ground by a wet grinding method. To the obtained ground product, an aqueous solution (45 parts) containing xanthan gum (0.05 parts) and aluminum magnesium silicate (0.1 parts) is added, and further propylene glycol (10 parts) is added and stirred. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 40

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), bixafen (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 41

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), isopyrazam (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 42

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), boscalid (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 43

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), flu-65 opyram (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well.

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To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 44

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), flux-apyroxad (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained

Preparation Example 45

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), sedaxane (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 46

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), penflufen (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 47

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), flutolanil (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 48

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), mepronil (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, 50 granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 49

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), carboxin (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 50

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), thifluzamide (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30

parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 51

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), penthiopyrad (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 52

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (1 part), furametpyr (4 parts), synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (1 part), calcium ligninsulfonate (2 parts), bentonite (30 parts) and kaolin clay (62 parts) are ground and mixed well. To this, water is added. The mixture is sufficiently kneaded, granulated and dried. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 53

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (12.5 parts), fluxapyroxad (37.5 parts), calcium ligninsulfonate (3 parts), sodium lauryl sulfate (2 parts) and synthesized water-containing silicon oxide (45 parts) are ground and mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Preparation Example 54

Each of the pyridazine compounds (1) to (8) (3 parts), isopyrazam (2 parts), kaolin clay (85 parts) and talc (10 parts) are ground and mixed well. In this manner, preparations are obtained.

Next, Experimental Examples will be described.

Experimental Example 1

A plastic pot was charged with soil. To the soil, wheat seeds (cultivar; Apogee) were seeded and grown for 14 days in a greenhouse. A test compound was dissolved in CEC cocktail (cyclohexanone: Sorpol (registered trade mark) 2680X (manufactured by TOHO Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.)=5:1 (volume ratio)) to make a preparation. Thereafter, the preparation was diluted with water up to a predetermined concentration. The diluted solution was sprayed to stem and leaves such that the diluted solution was sufficiently attached to the leaf surfaces of the wheat. After spraying, the plant was 55 air-dried. Two days later, an aqueous suspension (about 1,000,000/mL) containing conidiospores of wheat leaf blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola) was sprayed to inoculate the spores. After completion of the inoculation, the plant was allowed to leave first in a high-humidity place at 18° C. for 3 days and then the plant was taken out from the high-humidity place and transferred to a thermostatic chamber of 18° C. for 14 days. In this manner, wheat was grown (this is referred to as a treatment district). Thereafter, the lesion area of wheat leaf blotch was checked.

On the other hand, wheat was grown in the same manner as in the treatment district except that a diluted solution of a test compound was not sprayed to stem and leaves (this is referred

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to as a non-treatment district). The lesion area of wheat leaf blotch was checked in the same manner as in the treatment district.

From the lesion areas of the treatment district and the non-treatment district, the efficacy of the treatment district 5 was obtained in accordance with the following expression (1). The results are shown in [Table 1] to [Table 4].

Efficacy (%) = Expression (1) 10
$$\left(1 - \frac{\text{Lesion area of treatment district}}{\text{Lesion area of non-treatment district}}\right) \times 100$$

TABLE 1

The pyridazine compound (1) [ppm]	Fluxapyroxad [ppm]	Efficacy (%)
3.1	3.1	100

TABLE 2

The pyridazine compound (5) [ppm]	Fluxapyroxad [ppm]	Efficacy (%)
3.1	3.1	100

TABLE 3

The pyridazine compound (1) [ppm]	Isopyrazam [ppm]	Efficacy (%)
3.1	3.1	100

TABLE 4

The pyridazine compound (5) [ppm]	Isopyrazam [ppm]	Efficacy (%)
3.1	3.1	100

Experimental Example 2

By use of a rotatory seed processor (seed dresser, manufactured by Hans-Ulrich Hege GmbH), a cyclohexanone solution ($100\,\mu\text{L}$) containing a predetermined weight of a test compound is smeared to wheat (cultivar; Shirogane) seeds (10~g) naturally infected with spores of pink snow mold (*Microdochium nivale*).

One day after the treatment, a plastic pot is charged with soil and the seeds treated with the test compound are seeded 55 to the soil and grown in a greenhouse made of glass for 20 days (this is referred to as a treatment district). Thereafter, seedlings obtained from individual seeds by budding are observed for onset of pink snow mold and an incidence rate of the disease is obtained in accordance with the following 60 expression (2).

On the other hand, wheat seeds not treated with the smearing treatment mentioned above are grown in the same manner

as in the treatment district (this is referred to as a nontreatment district). An incidence rate of the disease is obtained in the same manner as in the treatment district.

As a result, the incidence rate of the seedlings obtained from wheat seeds by budding and treated with the composition of the present invention is lower than that of the seedlings of the non-treatment district.

Expression (1)
$$_{10}$$
 Incidence rate (%) = Expression (2)
$$\left(1 - \frac{\text{Number of onset seedlings}}{\text{Number of total seedlings}}\right) \times 100$$

The invention claimed is:

1. A plant disease controlling composition, comprising a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

wherein R^1 represents a chlorine atom, and R^2 represents a hydrogen atom; and at least one carboxamide compound selected from the group consisting of isopyrazam and fluxapyroxad; and

wherein a weight ratio of the pyridazine compound to the carboxamide compound is in a range of 0.1/1 to 10/1.

2. A method for controlling plant diseases, comprising a step of applying to a plant or soil for growing a plant effective amounts of a pyridazine compound represented by formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c} (I) \\ R^2 \\ F \\ R^1 \\ N \end{array}$$

wherein R¹ represents a chlorine atom, and R² represents a hydrogen atom; and losst one carbovamide compound selected to

at least one carboxamide compound selected from the group consisting of isopyrazam and fluxapyroxad; and $\,$

wherein a weight ratio of the pyridazine compound to the carboxamide compound is in a range of 0.1/1 to 10/1.

3. The method for controlling plant diseases according to claim 2, wherein the plant or soil for growing a plant is wheat or soil for growing wheat.

* * * * *